## Fast 24: Pilgrimage (*Ḥajj*)

- As an institution *ḥajj*, or the pilgrimage to Makkah, existed before the advent of Islam from very ancient times. Belief that the territory around Makkah is sacred, and that the Ka'bah is the centre of pilgrimage, existed since long ago. There is no record showing that this belief was introduced at any time within known history. Among Arabs before Islam, the Ka'bah was known by the name *Bait Allah* or House of God, and they believed that no enemy could destroy it.
- All the main features and ceremonies of the pilgrimage in Islam existed before the coming of Prophet Muhammad. They were based on the authority of the prophet Abraham. However, before the time of the Prophet Muhammad, people had added various idolatrous practices to it. Idols had been placed in the Ka'bah and other important places. The Ka'bah itself had within it 360 idols which were worshipped. Some tribes considered themselves as too high to mix with others during the pilgrimage.
- Even before Islam had made the pilgrimage as a duty of Muslims, and reformed it, it recognized the sacredness of Makkah and that the pilgrimage to it was a practice established by Abraham. While the Holy Prophet was still at Makkah, he was told in his revelation:

"I am commanded only to serve the Lord of this city, Who has made it sacred, and His are all things". (27:91)

إِنَّمَا أَمِرْتُ آنَ آعُبُلَارَبُّ هٰذِهِ الْبَلْلَةِ الَّذِي حَرَّمَهَا وَلَهُ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ

## And:

"And when Abraham said: My Lord, make this city secure, and save me and my sons from worshipping idols. ... Our Lord, I have settled a part of my offspring in a valley unproductive of fruit near Your Sacred House, our Lord, that they may keep up prayer; so make the hearts of some people yearn towards them, and provide them with fruits; perhaps they may be grateful." (14:35, 37)

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبُرْهِيْمُ رَبِّ اجْعَلُ هٰذَا الْبَلَدَ أَمِنَا وَّ الْجُنُبُ فِي اَبُرُ فَيْمُ رَبِّ اجْعَلُ هٰذَا الْبَلَدَ الْمِنْ الْمَنْ الْمَرْفُ ... رَبَّنَا إِنِّ آَمُ كُنْتُ مِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي بِوَادٍ خَيْرِ ذِي رَبَّنَا إِنِيَّ آَمُ كُنْتُ مِنْ ذُرِّ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَرَّم لُرَبَّنَا لِيُ قِيْمُوا لَرُعُ عِنْ لَا بَيْتِكَ الْمُحَرَّم لُرَبَّنَا لِيُ قِيْمُوا لَرَعَ عَنْ لَا بَيْتِكَ الْمُحَرَّم لُرَبَّنَا لِيُ قِيْمُوا لَلْمَ اللَّهُ مِنَ النَّنَاسِ تَهُوى لَا لَكُونَ الشَّاسِ تَهُوى فَي الشَّامِ وَلَا اللَّهُ الْمَالِقُ الْمُعَرِّمِ لَا اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّلُولِي اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْ

- It is important to emphasize the above facts because critics of Islam allege that it was only after the Holy Prophet had migrated to Madinah, and then won the battle of Badr, that he began to look forward to conquering Makkah, and therefore to create a basis for this he thought of declaring Makkah as a sacred city and a place of pilgrimage.
- The pilgrimage was declared a part of Islam while the Holy Prophet was still at Makkah, very shortly before his departure for Madinah. The Quran stated:

"And when We pointed to Abraham the place of the House, saying: Do not set up any partner with Me, and purify My House for those who make circuits and stand to pray and bow and prostrate themselves. And **proclaim to mankind the Pilgrimage:** they will come to you on foot and on every lean camel, coming from every remote path". (22:26-27)

وَاذُبَوَّ أَنَا لِإِبْلِهِ مُمَ مَكَانَ الْبَيْتِ أَنَ لَا تُشْرِكُ فِي مَكَانَ الْبَيْتِ أَنُ لَا تُشْرِكُ فِي شَيْعًا وَطَهِّرْ بَيْتِي لِلطَّآبِفِينَ وَالْقَآبِمِينَ وَ اللَّكَّ عِللَّا اللَّكَ عِللَّا اللَّكَ عِللَّا اللَّكَ عِللَّا اللَّهُ عُودِ اللَّهُ عُودِ اللَّهُ عُودِ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ وَاذِّنُ فِي النَّنَاسِ بِالْحَجِّ يَأْتُوكَ دِجَالًا وَعَلَى كُلِّ فَعِ عَمِينَ فِي النَّنَاسِ بِالْحَجِّ يَأْتُوكَ دِجَالًا وَعَلَى كُلِّ فَتِ عَمِينَ فَي ضَامِرِ يَّأْتِينَ مِنْ كُلِّ فَتِ عَمِينَ فَي اللَّ

Abraham had been commanded by God to establish the practice of pilgrimage to Makkah to the House known as the Ka'bah, as stated above. The command "proclaim to mankind the Pilgrimage" was addressed to Abraham and also repeated to the Holy Prophet Muhammad. It contains a great prophecy that Makkah will become the centre to which people will come for pilgrimage. It was announced just at the time when the Holy Prophet was being driven away from Makkah by his enemies, who were the sole masters of the place. Just when Makkah seemed to have lost every chance of becoming a Muslim centre, and when the Muslims themselves were in danger of being entirely destroyed, a great prophecy is announced in the strongest words that Islam will spread to all countries of the world, and Makkah will become the universal centre to which pilgrims from all nations will come.

• This was also prophesied in the Bible. The prophet Isaiah said:

"It shall come to pass in the latter days that the mountain of the house of the Lord shall be established as the highest of the mountains, and shall be raised above the hills; and all the nations shall flow to it" (Isaiah, 2:2).

Being the "highest" and "raised above the hills" does not mean physical height. It means, of course, being the highest in dignity and honour in the hearts of mankind.